Lifelike esthetics achieved with minimally invasive methods

Direct anterior restoration placed with IPS Empress Direct

By Dr. Ali H. Özoglu, Turkey

Tooth-conserving treatment is a major priority in modern dentistry. This includes minimally invasive strategies for repairing lesions and/or concealing discoloured tooth structure in the anterior dentition.

The possibilities of restoring teeth have grown immensely over the past few decades due to the development of innovative dental composites. In the past, indirect veneers were needed to produce highly esthetic results; today, advanced dental composites are available which offer a suitable alternative in many cases. Composite resins have undergone considerable changes in recent times. The dental research community and the dental industry have reacted to the emerging demand among practitioners and patients for these materials, and as a result composite resins are now at a level where they are regarded as state-of-the-art. With modern materials such as IPS Empress Direct, anterior restorations can be efficiently layered to produce highly esthetic results which are virtually indiscernible from the natural tooth structure. Consequently, dental practitioners can benefit from the convenient handling properties of composites, without having to make any compromises in terms of esthetics.

Physical properties

In our opinion IPS Empress Direct is the best material available of its kind for satisfying exceptionally high esthetic requirements. Due to the material’s lifelike opacity, fluorescence and opalescence, true-to-nature restorations can be fabricated using a very efficient method. Generally, the filler composition used in composites plays a more significant role in anterior than in universal materials. A composite resin has to meet special physical property requirements with regard to volume shrinkage, surface hardness, flexural strength, polishability and wear resistance. Furthermore, the optical characteristics have to be carefully balanced. IPS Empress Direct from Ivoclar Vivadent fulfils all these major requirements. The monomers contained in the composite determine its reactivity, strength, shrinkage and handling. The monomer matrix incorporates fillers which determine the wear resistance, strength, polishability, surface gloss, radiopacity and translucency of the material. A coaxial barium glass filler imparts the Dentin shades with high strength, while the finer barium glass filler contained in the Enamel shades ensures excellent polishability, high gloss and low susceptibility to wear.

Optical properties

The composite system comprises 32 shades and five translucency levels. The properties of fluorescence, translucency, and opalescence are decisive for the esthetic appearance of the restoration. IPS Empress Direct obtains its lifelike fluorescence from special pigments. The material owes its exceptional optical characteristics to its composition. The Dentin shades of the IPS Empress Direct assortment exhibit a higher opacity and color saturation than the Enamel materials. Therefore, the esthetic effect is enhanced from within the restoration. The translucency of the Enamel shades allows the Dentin materials to scatter light like natural tooth structure. Furthermore, the Trans Opal shade gives the restoration a true-to-nature opalescence: In reflected light, it looks lustrous and in transmitted light reddish-orange, which corresponds to the appearance of natural tooth structure. Nevertheless, ideal physical and optical properties alone are not enough to ensure an esthetic result. Skill and expertise are required on the part of the dental practitioner who has to impressively layer and shape the restoration as well as faithfully reproduce the shade and optical characteristics of the tooth.

For this purpose, a composite should be convenient to handle. IPS Empress Direct is applied according to an intuitive method.

Case study

A 28-year-old patient was referred to our practice. He was dissatisfied with the colour and position of the left lateral incisor (Fig. 1). The examination showed that tooth 22 had been endodontically treated, which explained its substantial discolouration. The shade of the existing composite restoration considerably deviated from that of the natural tooth structure. In addition, the position of tooth 22 contributed to the suboptimal overall appearance of the dentition. It was inclined towards the palatal aspect and therefore looked very small compared with the adjacent teeth. The patient desired an esthetic result, which could be achieved in one appointment. This was the ideal indication for IPS Empress Direct.

Layering

We suggested that the patient considered having the tooth restored with a direct composite. This type of restoration would involve minimally invasive preparation and could be placed in one appointment. The patient accepted this proposal and we proceeded to prepare tooth 22 for a modified veneer and to remove any discoloured dental tissue. In the process, as little as possible of the healthy tooth structure was ground away. Since the minimally invasive criteria were being followed, the existing composite restoration was not completely removed (Fig. 2). The tooth was conditioned and a bonding agent was applied. Next, the discoloured dentin tissue was concealed with IPS Empress Direct Color white. The material was applied onto the tooth surface in such a way that the restoration would not appear completely opaque (Fig. 3). Then the tooth surface was entirely covered with IPS Empress Direct A2 Dentin (Fig. 4). In order to impart a lifelike appearance to the incisal part of the tooth, we applied IPS Empress Direct A2 Enamel in layers and imitated the enamel areas of the adjacent teeth. The natural incisors exhibited several dark incisal areas as a result of the relatively high incisal wear. These areas were imitated with IPS Empress Direct Color blue. Due to the thin enamel layer, the cervical areas of the natural teeth had a yellowish tinge. This feature was recreated in tooth 22 using IPS Empress Direct Color honey yellow (Fig. 5). The enamel layer was covered with IPS Empress Direct A2 Enamel. This layer was shaped with the help of an ingenious contouring instrument called OptraSculpt Pad (Figs 6 and 7). This instrument is used to form the final contours of the restoration. The foam pad attachments allow composites to be shaped quickly and without sticking. This instrument has become an indispensable tool in our day-to-day work. Finally, a thin layer of IPS Empress Direct Trans Opal was applied and the restoration was shaped again with OptraSculpt Pad. The Trans Opal material allows us to successfully imitate the natural optical properties of the tooth surface. Subsequently, the restoration was polymerised according to the recommendations of the manufacturer.

Finishing

The excess material was removed with finishers and fine grit diamond burs. The adaptation and function of the restoration were checked. Then the restoration was polished to a high-gloss finish with silicone polishers and polishing discs in a few easy steps. The patient was thrilled with the new appearance of his anterior teeth (Fig. 8). The shape and shade of the tooth were smoothly adjusted to those of the natural dentition. Two months after the treatment, the patient returned to the practice for a recall appointment. On this occasion, the restoration showed excellent integration. Its shape and shade completely fulfilled our expectations (Figs 9 and 10).

Conclusion

IPS Empress Direct is a nano-hybrid composite for direct restorative procedures. It features lifelike opacity, fluorescence and opalescence. Esthetic anterior restorations can be skillfully created with the material in a very short time. Given the appropriate conditions, this material can be used to offer patients an adequate alternative to lab-fabricated ceramic veneers.

Contact Information

Dr. Ali H. Özoglu
ART Dental Clinic
8 Sokak, Cicekci 04
Sokak C. No:50 Seyhan
Adana, Turkey
ahozoglu@yahoo.com